# NOAA 2020 Arctic Report Card

Observing 15 Years of Arctic Change





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Observing 15 Years of Arctic Change

#### 133 authors from 15 countries 16 essays including 2 special essays & data portal

- 15 year Retrospective of the Arctic Report Card
- Observational Foundation of the ARC the Arctic Observing Network
- **New** Arctic Data Center Portal

#### **Vital Signs Indicators**

Surface Air Temperature Terrestrial Snow Cover Greenland Ice Sheet Sea Ice Sea Surface Temperature **Arctic Ocean Primary** Productivity

Tundra Greenness

Glaciers & Ice Caps outside of Greenland Permafrost Coastal Erosion **Bowhead Whales Wildland Fires** 

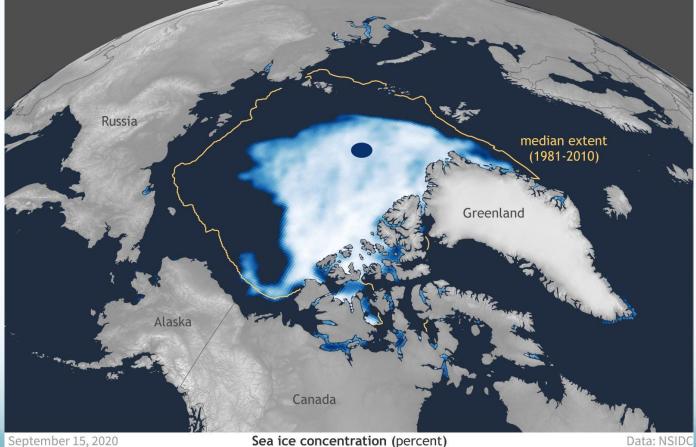
#### **Frost Bites MOSAiC Expedition**

Modeling & Projections of Arctic Sea Ice Cover **Barrow Observatory** 



#### 2020 WAS ARCTIC'S SECOND-WARMEST YEAR ON RECORD Russia Laptev Sea Chukchi Sea Greenland 4 North Pacific Alaska North Atlantic Canada NOAA Climate.gov from ARC 2020 Oct 2019-Sep 2020 Difference from average temperature 4.4°C -4.4

#### 2020 ARCTIC SEA ICE SUMMER MINIMUM SECOND LOWEST ON RECORD



100

Sea ice concentration (percent) September 15, 2020

15



### Wildland Fire in High Northern Latitudes

A. York, U. Bhatt, E. Gargulinski, Z. Grabinski, P. Jain, A. Soja, R. Thoman, R. Ziel



#### BURNED AREA IN ALASKA 1980-2020

Hectares (ha)

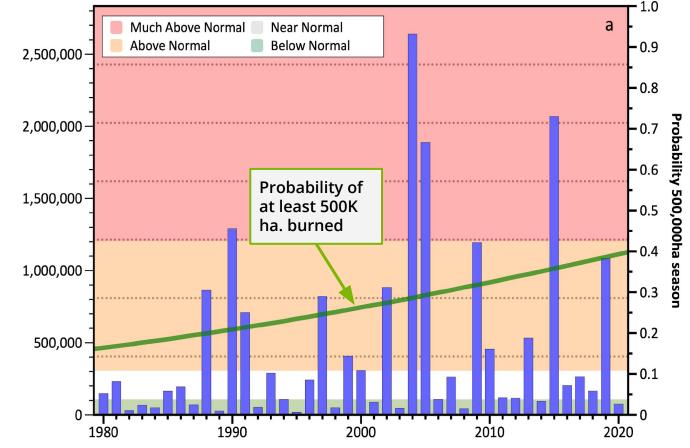


Figure by R. Thoman, data from Alaska Interagency Coordination Center

Large fire seasons or unusual fire activity since 2000

Alaska: 2004, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2015, 2019

**Northern Canada:** 2014 and 2016

**Greenland: 2017** 

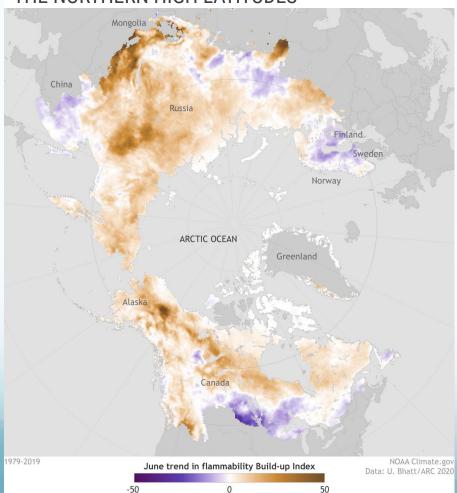
Fennoscandia: 2018

Northern Russia: 2002, 2012, 2018, 2019, 2020





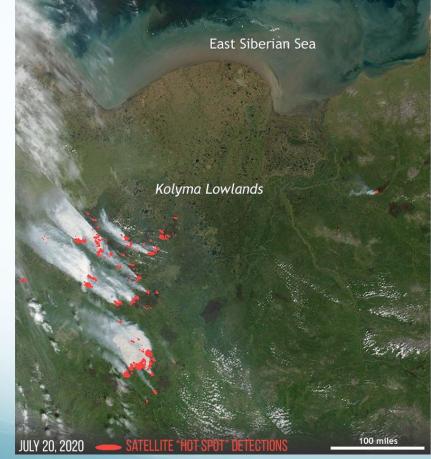
### FIRE FUELS ARE INCREASINGLY FLAMMABLE IN THE NORTHERN HIGH LATITUDES

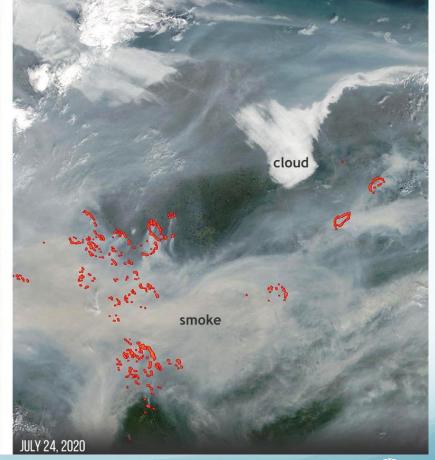


#### DUFF FUELS



#### EXTREME FIRE SEASON IN SAKHA REPUBLIC OF NORTHEASTERN RUSSIA

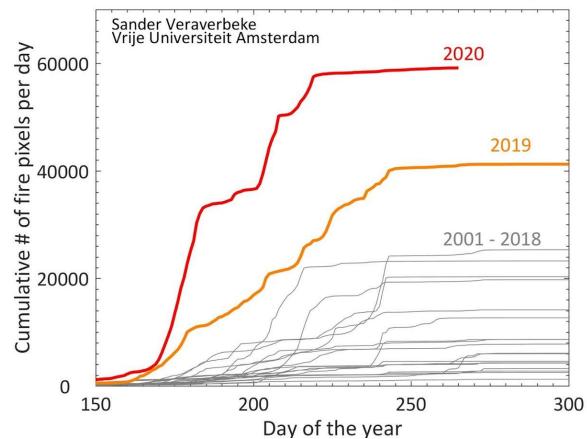








## DAILY CUMULATIVE NUMBER OF ACTIVE FIRE PIXELS DETECTED WITHIN THE ARCTIC CIRCLE (NASA MODIS)



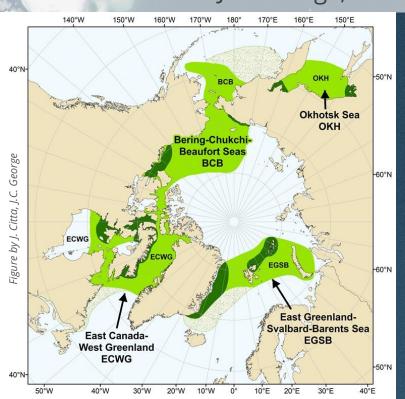
2020 is the record fire year within the Arctic Circle, **mostly due to fires in Sakha, Russia** 





# Bowhead Whales: recent insights into their biology, status, and resilience

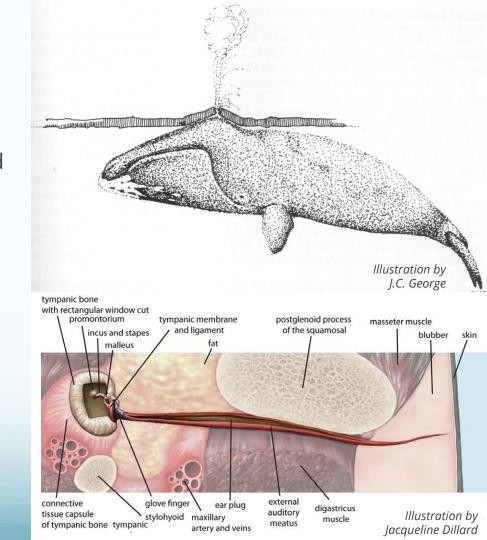
J.C. George, S.E. Moore, and J.G.M. Thewissen



- Only true arctic baleen whale
- Bering-Chukchi-Beaufort & East
  Canada-West Greenland healthy growing
- Okhotsk Sea & East
  Greenland-Svalbard-Barents at risk

# BOWHEAD WHALES HAVE UNIQUE ANATOMICAL & PHYSIOLOGICAL TRAITS

- Thickest blubber, longest baleen, raised rostrum, ice-associated but not dependent
- Can live over 200 years
- Their sequenced genome may advance medical knowledge related to cell senescence, bone biology, fat metabolism, cancer resistance, etc.
- Scientists and Indigenous hunters collaborate on health monitoring



## BOWHEAD WHALES ARE A PRIME INDICATOR OF ARCTIC MARINE ECOSYSTEM HEALTH AND VARIABILITY

- Sea ice loss led to increases in primary production & transport of zooplankton, benefitting bowheads
- Threats include industrial fishing & shipping, entanglement, orca predation, oil and gas activity, baleen whale competitors, climate warming









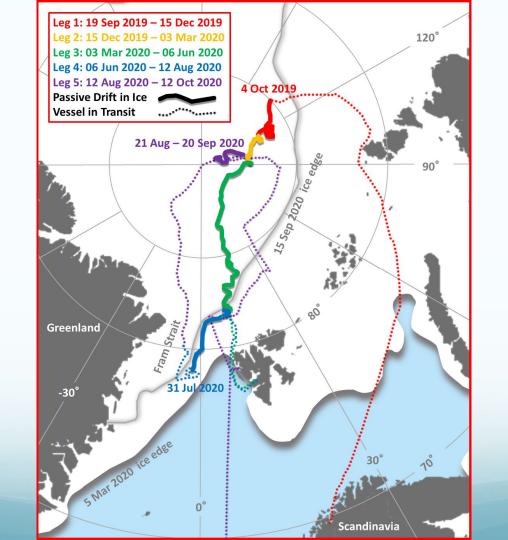


M. Shupe, M. Rex & Co-Authors

Photo: Matthew Shupe









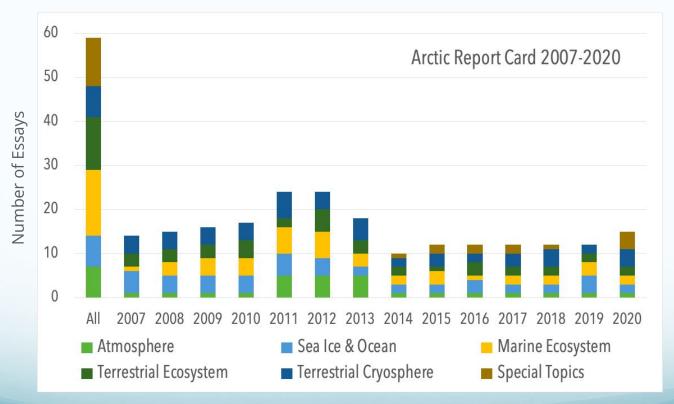








### Happy 15 Year Anniversary!

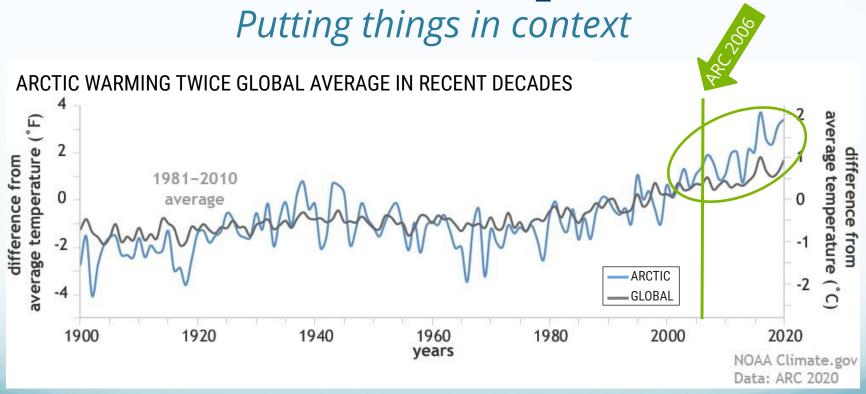


Timely communication of Arctic change to broad audience





### 15-Year Retrospective







## Eye Witness to Arctic Change



Alaskan Beaufort Sea, North of Prudhoe Bay, AK





# Thank You!





### **EXTRA SLIDES**





#### Arctic Sea Ice Minimum 2020







#### Summer 2020 Arctic Snow and Ice Melt





